Eastern Connecticut Association of Realtors 2nd Annual Commercial Conference

The Challenges of Mill Redevelopment Ponemah Mills - Norwich, CT October 27, 2014







Overview

- 308 SF historic mill in Taftville Village, a national register historic district
- Part of Last Green Valley, a national heritage corridor
- 5 historic buildings located in the banks of Shetucket River
- At one time second largest cotton mill in world
- Taftville village developed around mill to house workers
- At height of production, @ 1,500 workers

Aerial of Ponemah Mills



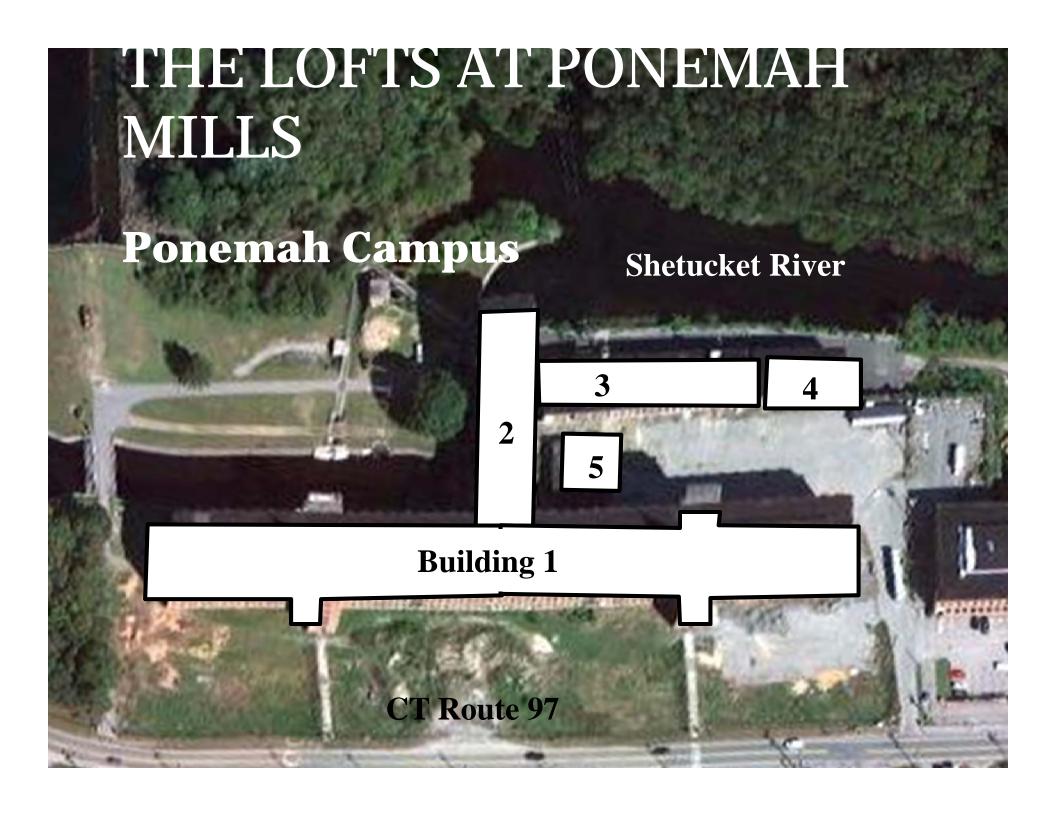
Development History

- OneKey, LLC acquired the complex in 2007
 - NJ-based Experienced developer w comparable buildings
- Originally purchased it to develop residential condominiums
- □ Recession of 2008 ended options for condo
- Had to reprogram as rental
- Secured all permit and zoning approvals from City
- Completed all remediation and interior demo
- 100% drawings

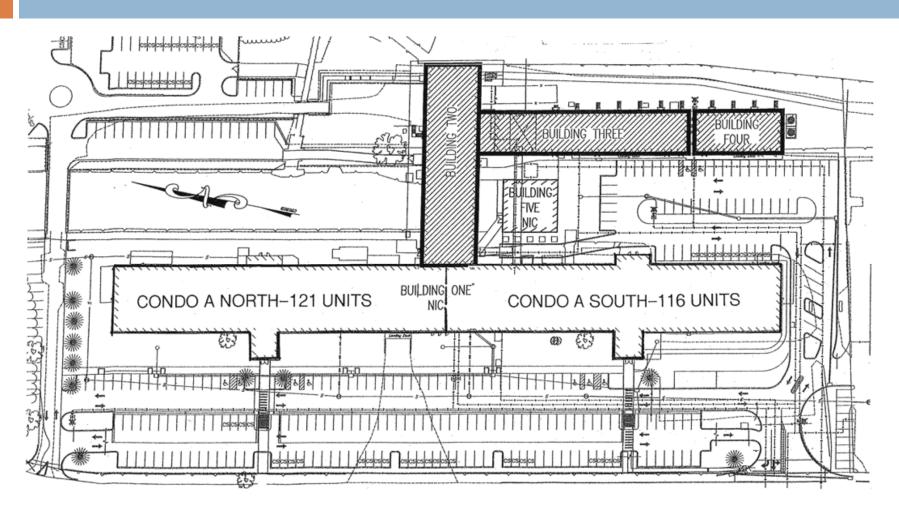
- Norwich Community Development Corporation (NCDC)
 - Bob Mills
 - Enlist city and state support and coordinate incentives and resources
- National Development Council (NDC)
 - a national economic development financial advisory company to assist with the structuring of the financing
 - Widespread experience w tax credits and other innovative finance products

Challenges

- Several million \$ in remediation costs
- Income stream from rental housing is limited
- Cost-Value Differential
 - Project Cost > As Complete Fair Market Value\$28 million > \$13 million
- For residential building, most subsidies are tied to affordability
- Size of building
 - Need to phase development
 - Need reasonable fist phase to "prove market"



Phasing Plan



Phasing Plan

- □ Phase I 114 units
- □ Phase II 121 units
- □ Phase III 77 units

Front and Rear Views of Phase I





Challenges Continued

- Need to address entire complex's needs upfront despite the phase approach
 - Need to do all remediation, not part
 - Need to stabilize all exterior work so First Phase marketability not impacted by "unfinished" look of balance of building
- Limited market of comparable "market rate" rental buildings
 - Draws concerns from lenders on marketability and absorption
 - More stringent lender ratios on LTV and DCR

Financial Structuring

- Need to leverage building's historic significance
 - National Register
 - Eligible for both federal and state historic tax credits
- Maximize debt <u>but</u>
 - Lenders looking to mitigate risk
 - Require higher DCR and lower DCR
 - Need construction loan sized larger than permanent loan because needs to bridge tax credit equity
- Maximize State Incentives
 - Besides state tax credit, most residential incentives tied to affordability
 - City does not want 100% affordability on such a large building

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Uses of Funds

UES OF FUNDS		% of Cost	Per Unit
Acquisition	1,604,447	6%	13,831
Rehab Costs	18,366,031	64%	158,328
Contingency	1,189,612	$4^{0}/_{0}$	10,255
Architectural and Engineering	835,032	3%	7,199
Finance Fees	1,761,593	6%	15,186
Soft Costs	1,178,448	4%	10,159
Developer Fee	3,443,170	12%	29,683
Reserves	250000	1%	2,155
Syndication Costs	<u>225,000</u>	<u>1%</u>	<u>1,940</u>
TOTAL	28,853,333	100%	248,736

Sources of Funds

SOURCES OF FUNDS		% of Uses		
Commercial Loan	8,300,000	29%		
Developer Equity	3,820,473	13%		
Federal Historic Tax Credit Equity	5,011,275	17%	.0/0	
State Historic Tax Credit Equity	5,000,000	17%	5400	Edit
Deferred Developer Fee	1,721,585	6%		
State of Connecticut CHAMP	<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>17%</u>		
TOTAL	28,853,333	100%		

Monetizing Federal Tax Credits

EQUITY FROM FEDERAL HISTORIC	C CREDIT	EQUITY FROM HOUSING TAX (CREDIT
Eligible Basis	27,000,000	Eligible Basis	27,000,000
Federal Historic Tax Credit %	<u>20.00%</u>	Less federal Historic Tax Credit	-5,400,000
Federal Historic Tax Credit	5,400,000	Adjusted Basis	21,600,000
Price/\$ from Investor	<u>93.50%</u>	Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) %	3.42%
Equity Raised from federal Historic Tax Credit	5,049,000	Annual Credit	738,720
		Applicable Affordability Fraction	<u>20.00%</u>
		Adjusted Annual Credit	147,744
		LIHTC over 10 years	1,477,440
		Price/\$ from Investor	90.00%
		Equity Raised from LIHTC	1,329,696

State Incentives

- State of Connecticut
 - State Historic Tax Credit
 - Up to \$5 million per project
 - Aimed to supplement federal historic tax Credits
 - Comprehensive Housing Assistance for Multifamily Housing (CHAMP)
 - Competitive program (\$25 million annually)
 - More flexible affordability standard
 - Brownfields
 - Assist w remediation and site clearance
 - Was not available when developer completed in 2008 2010
- Above three programs created in last decade

City Incentives through Norwich Community Development Corporation (NCDC)

- Payment in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT) through Mill Building Enhancement Program
 - 10 year phase-in schedule
 - City may consider extending to 15 years
- Reduced building permit fees
- Attract additional state funds for exterior improvements of other buildings

Lessons

- Developer Capacity Critical
 - Liquidity strength to cover upfront predevelopment work and carrying costs
 - Experience w complicated tax credits
 - Need tenacity and patience
- Mixed-income often winning formula
 - 100% affordable not desirable
 - Difficult to get subsidy on all market rate housing
 - Present program for Phase I is 70/30 market affordable
- Recreating a marketplace requires cutting edge public private partnership
 - Much coordinating between all agencies involved

For more information

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